

## REPORTING

If you believe that a suspicious situation applies to your company, you should immediately notify your DSS Industrial Security Representative through your company Facility Security Officer. Likewise, notify DSS should you have any indication that your company or any of your employees may be the target of an attempted exploitation by the representatives of another country.

**"NISPOM 1-302B, Suspicious Contact Reports should be made to the Defense Security Service."** Reports of actual, probable, or possible espionage should be submitted to the FBI and DSS.

The DSS Field Counterintelligence Specialist servicing this area is:

This publication has been produced by the Defense Security Service for use by DoD Contractors and Government Agencies as part of their security programs.

Questions and requests to further distribute this publication should be addressed to the Defense Security Service Public Affairs Office.

## PRODUCTS

Each year, based on US defense industry reporting of suspicious activity, the DSS CI Office publishes its findings of the trends of collection interest and activity by foreign companies and governments against US industry. This publication is the "Technology Collection Trends in the US Defense Industry".

Another popular publication of the CI Office is the "Suspicious Indicators and Security Countermeasures for Foreign Collection Activities Directed Against the US Defense Industry". Copies of these publications are available through your local DSS Field Office.

Specific threat information requirements should be requested through your Facility Security Officer and Industrial Security Specialists to be worked through the DSS CI Office.

**Bottom line:  
be Alert... be Aware... Report  
suspicious occurrences!**

Public Affairs release #050922-03

## Counterintelligence Integration



This product created by the  
Defense Security Service (DSS)  
Counterintelligence Office

## THE ROLE OF THE DSS COUNTERINTELLIGENCE OFFICE

In fiscal year 1994, pursuant to a DoD directive, a Counterintelligence (CI) Office was established within DSS to foster the integration of CI into the agency's missions. The goals of this integration of CI into all functional aspects of DSS's mission world-wide through training, policy development, and operational support, are to:

- ◆ Provide for the early detection and referral of potential espionage situations
- ◆ Assist in the recognition and reporting of foreign intelligence collection attempts directed against U.S. industry.

The CI Office Headquarters is located within DSS Headquarters in Alexandria, VA. The CI Office-Headquarters is comprised of detailees from the Military Departments; CI Analysts; DSS personnel detailed to the U.S. Army's 902d Military Intelligence Battalion. CI Specialists are positioned under the Collaborative Adjudication Services (CAS) and DISCO. Additionally, CI Specialists are deployed in offices across the country to support and assist DSS Industrial Security Specialists, DOD Personnel Security Investigations (PSI) and cleared defense industry.

### MAJOR DUTIES

The CI Office works closely with the DSS field elements, the Military Departments, Counterintelligence Field Activity and national agencies, such as the FBI, in the development and referral of CI issues at both the local and national level. These issues could be detected during the course of a

personnel security investigation or could result from industry reporting under the NISPOM requirements. The major duties of the DSS CI Office are:

- ◆ Threat Support
  - ◆ Provide foreign threat analysis concerning U.S. Defense industry to aid in the development of security countermeasures
- ◆ Referral and Liaison
  - ◆ Evaluate Potential Insider threat cases and industry-related suspicious indicators reporting
  - ◆ Refer developments to DoD CI and federal law enforcement agencies for further investigation, analysis and production
- ◆ CI Integration
  - ◆ Heighten DSS personnel and cleared industry's threat awareness
  - ◆ Provide education concerning effective threat indicator identification and reporting
  - ◆ Train DSS personnel on integration of CI into the DSS missions

## SUMMARY OF DSS

The Defense Security Service (DSS), formerly Defense Investigative Service (DIS), established in 1972 originally provided a single, centrally-directed service within the Department of Defense (DOD) for conducting Personnel Security Investigations (PSIs). In 1981, the DIS mission was expanded when the Industrial Security Program (ISP) was integrated into the agency. In November 1997, DOD Reform Initiative #2 re-designated DIS as the Defense Security Service in recognition of its broader mission and functions. In February 2005, as part of DOD restructuring, the PSI mission of DOD was moved to the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) and the DSS was transformed to take on new initiatives for the DOD and maintain the DOD's oversight for the National Industrial Security Program in cleared defense industry.

DSS has three primary missions:

- ◆ **Industrial Security Program w/ CI integration**
  - ◆ National Industrial Security program
  - ◆ Research, Technology Protection
  - ◆ Critical Infrastructure Protection
- ◆ **Security Education, Training and Awareness (SETA)**
  - ◆ DSS Academy
  - ◆ Security Education and Awareness
- ◆ **Collaborative Adjudication Services**
  - ◆ Industry Adjudications
  - ◆ CI Support to Programs
  - ◆ Polygraph support for personnel security
  - ◆ Collaborative support for DoD Adjudicative Services